

Local Drought Update

Minor changes in parts of eastern Nebraska

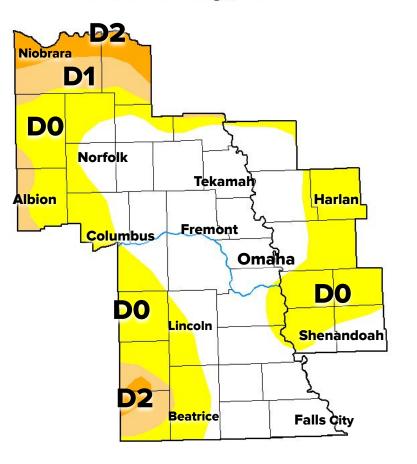
Key Messages

- → D2 (Severe Drought) Has been expanded across parts of Cedar County and introduced into parts of Jefferson and Saline Counties.
- → Improvements A one category improvement was implemented over extreme southern Gage and Jefferson Counties.
- → Degradation The southern fringes of the D0 (Abnormally Dry) category in northeastern Nebraska were slightly expanded south. They also expanded west across the Missouri River out of southwest lowa.

Next Scheduled Briefing

→ The US Drought Monitor is updated and released each Thursday morning. This packet will be next be updated on August 19th or perhaps sooner with the re-introduction of D3 category of drought.

Omaha/Valley, NE WFO



July 27, 2021

(Released Thursday, Jul. 29, 2021)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	50.76	49.24	12.53	4.42	0.00	0.00
Last Week 07-20-2021	57.09	42.91	13.43	3.29	0.00	0.00
3 Month's Ago 04-27-2021	83.05	16.95	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 12-29-2020	0.00	100.00	99.37	21.65	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-29-2020	3.59	96.41	81.80	29.74	2.05	0.00
One Year Ago 07-28-2020	42.68	57.32	42.85	1.87	0.00	0.00

Intensity:



The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions.

Local conditions may vary. For more information on the

Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

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U.S. Department of Agriculture







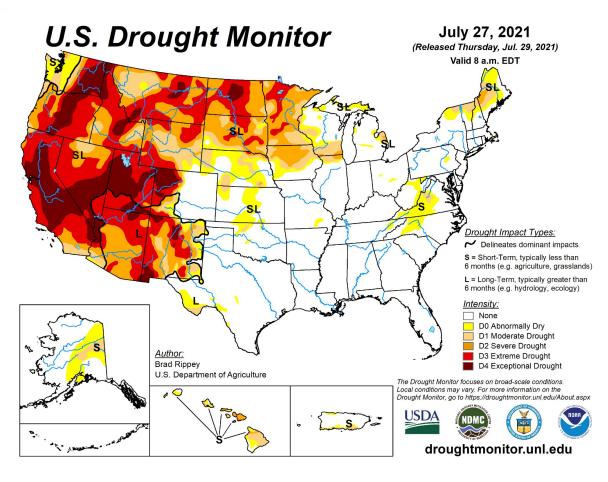


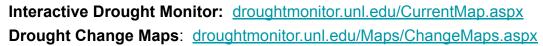
droughtmonitor.unl.edu

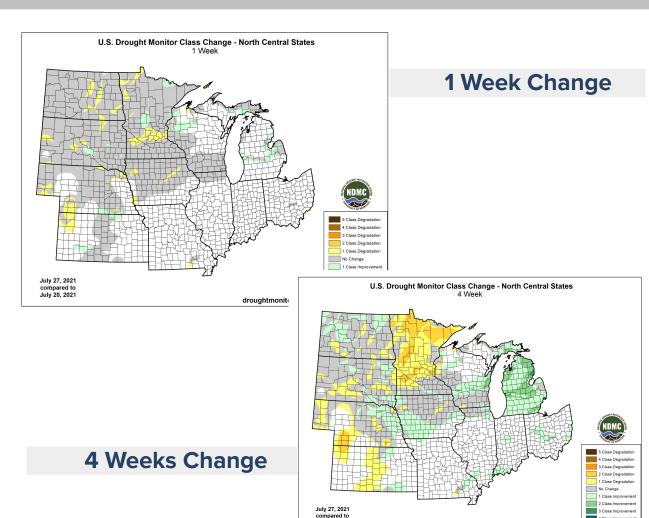




Change in Drought Status

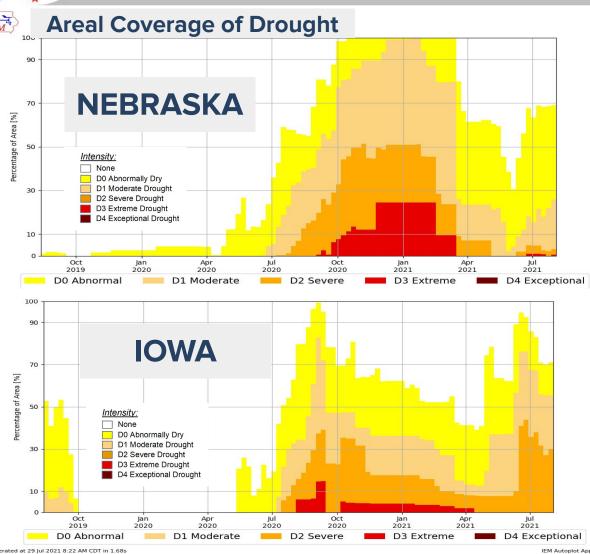








Change in Drought Status



Drought Impacts

- → Fairbury, NE asked residents to limit water usage.
- Storm Lake, IA approved new water conservation measures.
- Norfolk, NE updated their sprinkler ordinance in late July in case of worsening drought conditions.
- In June, Harlan, IA implemented a "tier 1" water watch for a depleted water supply.
- Army Corps of Engineers implemented drought conservation measures on the Missouri River in July.

Drought Timeline: mesonet.agron.iastate.edu/plotting/auto/?q=183



Drought Category Definitions

DO	Abnormally Dry	Going into drought: • Short-term dryness slowing planting, growth of crops or pastures	Coming out of drought: Some lingering water deficits Pastures or crops not fully recovered	
D1	Moderate Drought	 Some damage to crops, pastures Streams, reservoirs, or wells low, some water shortages developing or imminent Voluntary water-use restrictions requested 		
D2	Severe Drought	 Crop or pasture losses likely Water shortages common Water restrictions imposed 		
D3	Extreme Drought	Major crop/pasture losses Widespread water shortages or restrictions		
D4	Exceptional Drought	 Exceptional and widespread crop/pasture losses Shortages of water in reservoirs, streams, and wells creating water emergencies 		

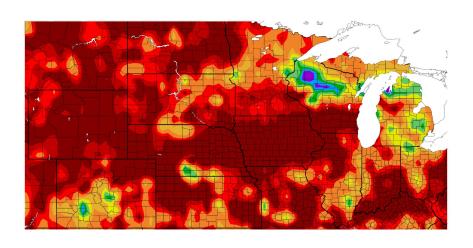


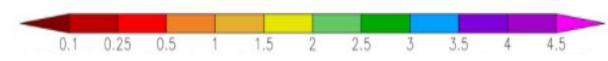


Historical Precipitation Totals

Previous 7 Day Precipitation Totals

7/21/2021 - 7/27/2021





Highlights

→ Very dry conditions persisted across the area. Most locations saw no rain this week. Every city listed lost ground for YTD moisture.

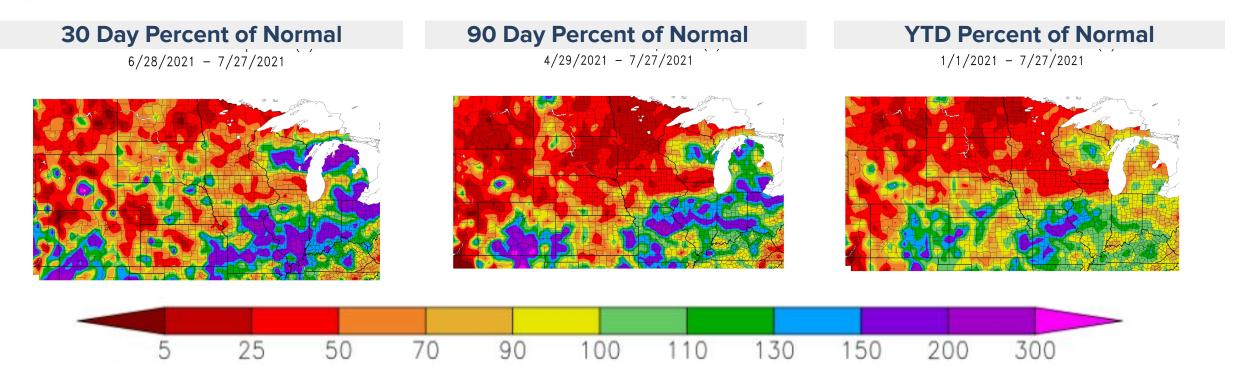
Data As Of: July 28, 2021

Location	YTD Precipitation	YTD Departure	July to Date Departure
Norfolk, NE	16.84"	+0.09"	-0.30"
Omaha, NE	18.00"	-1.07"	-0.95"
Lincoln, NE	17.32"	-0.99"	-2.04"
Tekamah, NE	20.76"	+3.55"	+1.06"
Falls City, NE	22.17"	+0.56"	-2.50"
Clarinda, IA	19.70"	-3.20"	-1.13"
Albion, NE	16.42"	-0.25"	-1.88"
Beatrice, NE	16.81"	-2.84"	-1.29"
Columbus, NE	17.64"	-0.57"	-1.24"
Fremont, NE	22.23"	+3.44"	+2.72"



Historical Precipitation Totals

Longer Range Precip - Percent of Normal



Highlights

- → Generally, eastern Nebraska has fared better than western lowa for 2021.
- → May, June and July have produced less thunderstorms and subsequent moisture for most of the area.

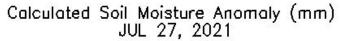
To Reproduce These Maps and For More Information, Visit the High Plains Regional Climate Center at:

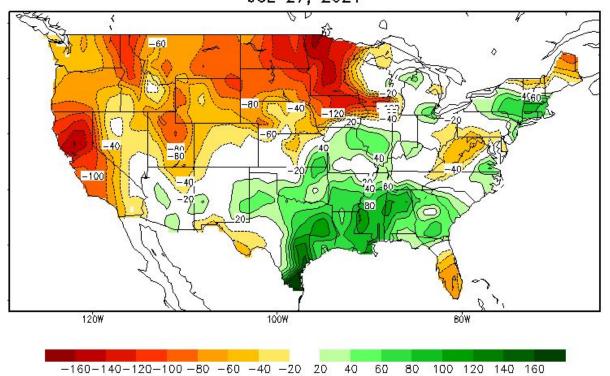
hprcc.unl.edu/maps.php?map=ACISClimateMaps





Current Soil Moisture Status





Nebraska (Entire State)	As of July 26	Very Short Moisture	Short Moisture	Adequate Moisture	Moisture Surplus
(and a source)	Topsoil	9%	37%	53%	1%
	Subsoil	9%	40%	50%	1%

SW Iowa	As of July 25	Very Short Moisture	Short Moisture	Adequate Moisture	Moisture Surplus
	Topsoil	0%	23%	73 %	4%
	Subsoil	7 %	35%	57 %	1%

Additional Impacts

→ Districts in northwest lowa are in a much worse predicament. They reported subsoil moisture conditions as 84% short to very short as of 7/25/21.





Summary of Drought Impacts

Agricultural Impacts

Crops Rated Poor or Very Poor

Nebraska (Entire State) as of July 26, 2021		
Corn	6%	
Sorghum	3%	
Oats	9%	
Pasture/Range	16%	
Soybeans	3%	

IOWa (Entire State) as of July 26, 2021	
Corn	7 %
Hay (all)	9%
Oats	5%
Pasture/Range	19%
Soybeans	8%

Agricultural Impacts

- → Unseasonable dryness and heat was recorded across both states this week.
- → High temps and humidity are impacting livestock and some producers are fighting pink-eye.
- → Eighty-five percent of soybeans were blooming.

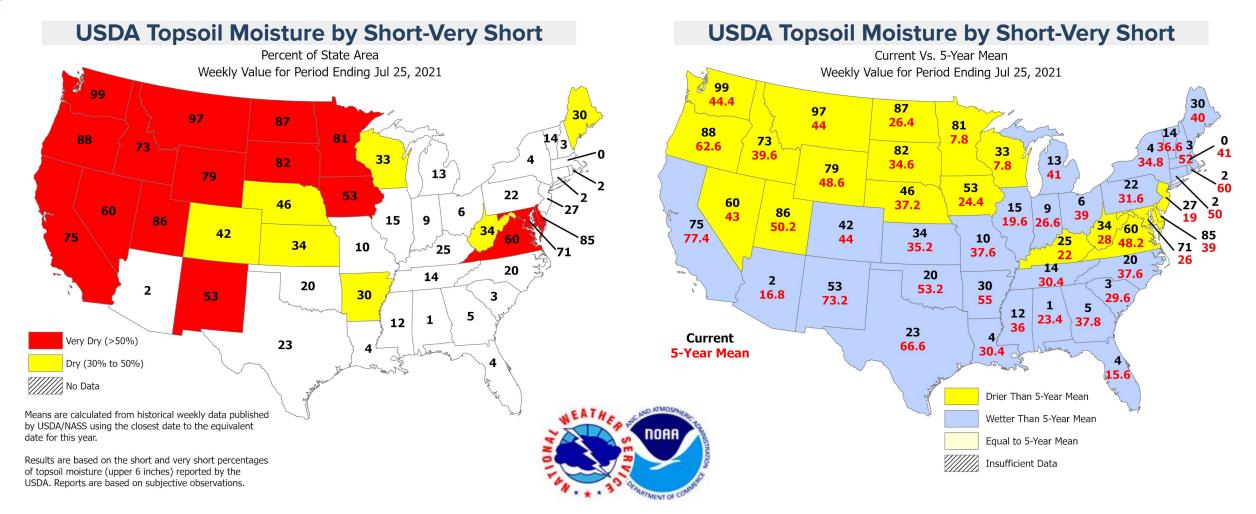
For additional information on agriculture impacts may be viewed from the:

- USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service
- lowa
- Nebraska





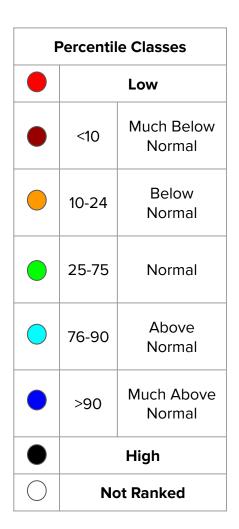
USDA Topsoil Moisture Rankings

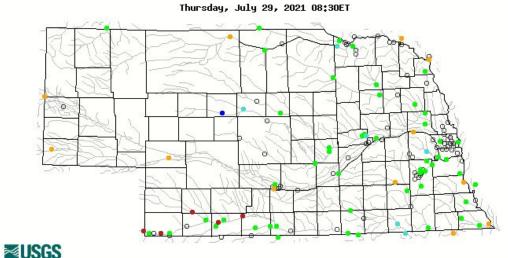


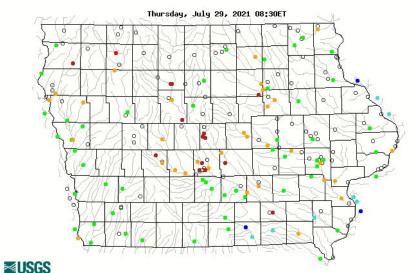


Current Hydrology Conditions

Map of Real-Time Streamflow Compared to Historical Streamflow for the Day







Overview

- → Streamflow remains generally close to or just above normal for most of Nebraska with the exception of much of the Republican River along the southern border where some gauges report streamflow as low as the 5th percentile.
- Much of eastern Nebraska and western lowa is experiencing streamflows near normal, though this week brought some gages below normal.

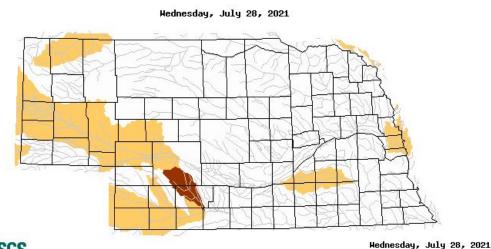
More Information

- Hourly and forecast river stages out to 90 days can be found at the National Weather Service's (NWS) Advanced Hydrologic Prediction Service (AHPS) web page:
 water.weather.gov/ahps2/index.php?wfo=oax
- Additional Current stream and river stages may be viewed at the following USGS Web Site: <u>waterwatch.usgs.gov</u>

■USGS

Current Hydrology Conditions

Map of Below Normal 7 Day Average Stream Flow Compared to Historical Streamflow for the Day



USGS

Key: Percentile Classes				
Low	<= 5	6 - 9	10 - 24	
Extreme hydrologic drought	Severe hydrologic drought	Moderate hydrologic drought	Below Normal Stream Flow	

More Information

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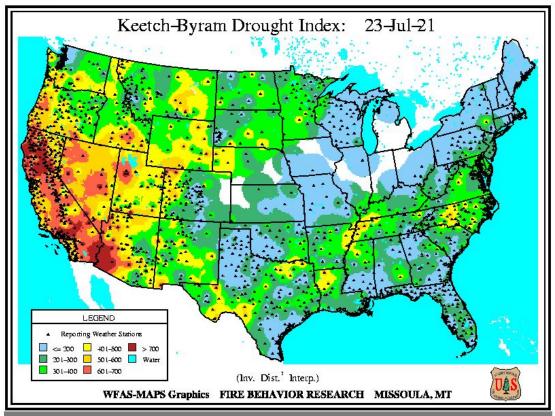
water.weather.gov/ahps2/index.php?wfo=oax

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Current Fire Weather Conditions

Fire Danger Remains Highest Along SD State Line



Keetch-Byram Drought Index (KDBI)			
KBDI Value	Description of Fire Potential		
0 to 200	Low - Wet with little danger of fire initiation		
201 to 400	Moderate - Drying occurring with some fire danger		
401 to 600	High - Ground cover dry and will burn readily		
601 to 800	Extreme - Dead and live fuels will burn readily		

Highlights

Fire danger is now in the moderate category for much of northeastern Nebraska.

Local Burn Bans:

→ Parts of Knox County NE, the area's driest location, have burn bans in place.

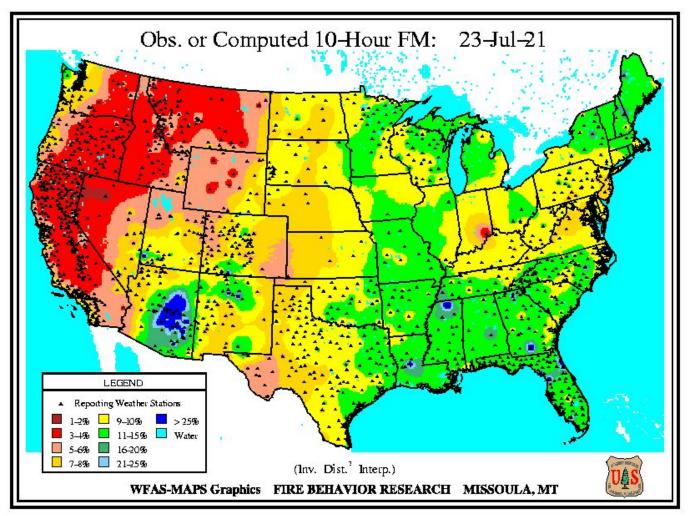
KBDI and Dead Fuel Moisture data can be found through the

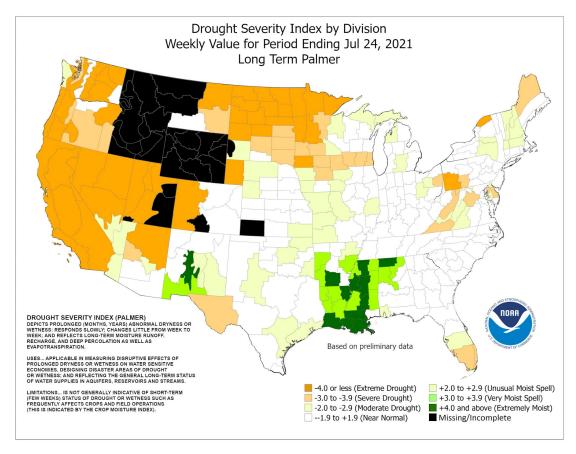
Wildland Fire Assessment System (WFAS)



Current Fire Weather Conditions

10 Hour Dead Fuel Moisture Values & Palmer Drought Severity Index





Palmer Drought Severity Index and Dead Fuel Moisture data can be found through the: <u>Wildland Fire Assessment System (WFAS)</u>



Upcoming Precipitation Potential

July 29, 2021 10:56 AM

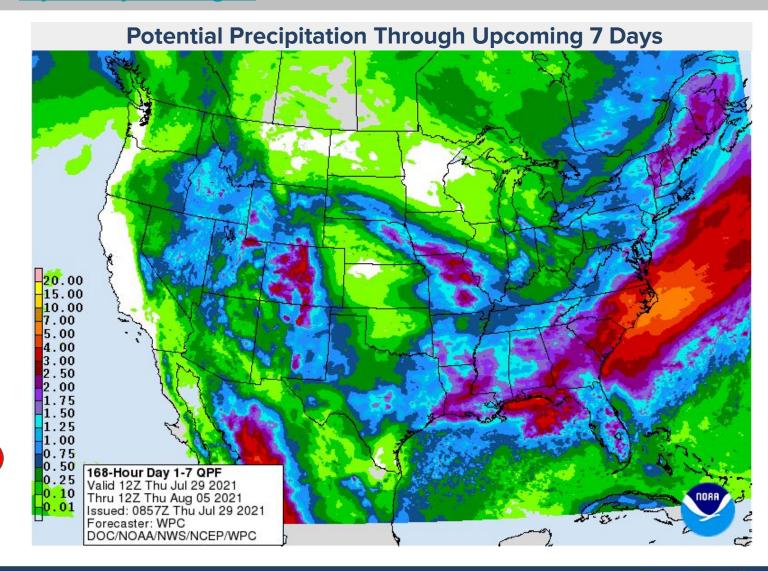
For More Information Visit: wpc.ncep.noaa.gov

Highlights

- → Significant rain is possible over much of the area on Friday night.
- → Greatest rainfall potential is along a stalled front that will stretch from O'Neil, NE to Omaha to Lamoni, IA.
- → Normal rainfall for a week this time of year is around ¾ of an inch.

Confidence Precipitation Amounts

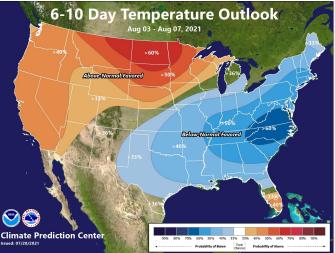
Low Growing High



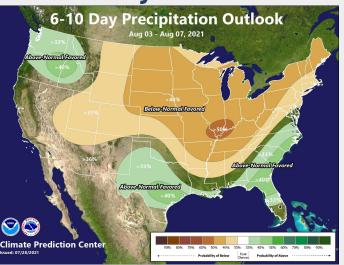


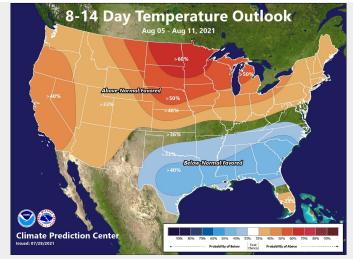
Short Term Climate Outlook

For More Information Visit: cpc.ncep.noaa.gov

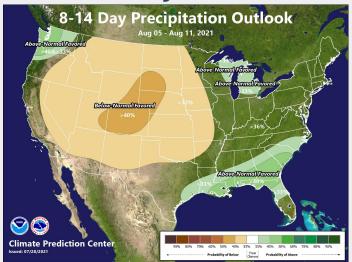


6-10 Day Outlook





8-14 Day Outlook



Highlights → Extreme across to into now

- Extreme temperatures take a break across the area this weekend and
- Temps will be climbing by *next* weekend..

into next week.

→ Significant rain of over an inch is possible across parts of the area on Friday, July 30th.

Precipitation



Questions, Comments, and Resources

Contact Information

If you have questions or comments about this information, please contact:

National Weather Service

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Taylor Nicolaisen - Meteorologist, Drought Focal Point **Van DeWald** - Lead Meteorologist, Drought Focal Point

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Acknowledgments:

The drought monitor is a multi-agency effort involving NOAA's National Weather Service and National Climatic Data Center, the USDA, state and regional center climatologists and the National Drought Mitigation Center. Information for this statement has been gathered from NWS and FAA observation sites, cooperative and volunteer observations, USDAFS, the USDA and USGS.

Additional Resources

Additional information on current drought conditions may be found at the following web addresses:

National Weather Service Omaha: weather.gov/Omaha

Climate Prediction Center Drought: cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/Drought/

US Drought Monitor: droughtmonitor.unl.edu/

National Drought Mitigation Center: https://drought.unl.edu/

National Water Dashboard: dashboard.waterdata.usgs.gov/app/nwd/?aoi=default

National Integrated Drought Information System: <u>drought.gov</u>

USGS Water Watch: waterwatch.usgs.gov

US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE): usace.army.mil

High Plains Regional Climate Center (HRPCC): hprcc.unl.edu

Iowa State Climatologist: Justin Glisan, Ph.D. (515) 281-8981

<u>iowaagriculture.gov/climatology-bureau</u>

Nebraska State Climatologist: Martha Shulski, Ph.D. (402) 472-6711

nsco.unl.edu

USDA Crop Information: <u>nass.usda.gov/index.asp</u>

Drought Impact Reporter: droughtreporter.unl.edu/map

